





150. Putting Green

151. Japanese Holly and Japanese Snowball Viburnum

152. The Lawn Furniture

160. Lunar Lawn

161. The Lion

162. The American Elm

502. Post's Annual Garden Party

170. Japanese-style Garden

171. Japanese-style Gardens in America

172. Hotei

173. Cherry and Black Pine Trees

180. Vista Terrace

190. Dog Cemetery

191. Sweetbox

200. Dacha

201. Azaleas and Rhododendrons

210. Adirondack Building

211. Dwarf Fothergilla

505. Camp Topridge

220. Cutting Garden and Greenhouse

221. The Orchid Collection

504. Flowers for the Mansion

Tips for Experiencing Hillwood

ORIENTATION FILM: A sixteen-minute film in the visitor center theater provides an introduction to Marjorie Merriweather Post and Hillwood every half hour.

SELF-GUIDED TOURS: Explore using this booklet, which includes a room-by-room tour of the mansion and a map of the garden "rooms." There are also interpretive signs in the gardens.

AUDIO TOURS: Audio tours of the mansion and gardens, as well as one just for families, are available. Players can be obtained in the visitor center. The tours are also available for download as the *Hillwood Museum & Gardens Tour* mobile app for iOS and Android devices. Earbuds are available.

GUIDED TOURS: Docent-led tours of the mansion are available year-round, and garden tours are offered in the spring and fall. These first-come, first-served tours can be reserved at the visitor center.

SPECIAL EXHIBITIONS: Inquire at the visitor center or visit www.HillwoodMuseum.org to learn about special exhibitions on view throughout the year.

DINING: Lunch is served in the Merriweather Café Tuesday–Sunday, 11:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. An express menu at the Merriweather To Go window is offered Tuesday–Sunday, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Reservations for the Merriweather Café are encouraged and can be made at www.HillwoodMuseum.org or by calling 202.686.5807. A courtesy phone is available in the visitor center.



HILLWOOD ESTATE, MUSEUM & GARDENS: This publication explores the life of Hillwood founder Marjorie Post, as well as the collections and gardens, through stunning photos and fascinating highlights. Purchase copies in the museum shop, along with other Hillwood publications.

SHOPPING: The museum shop is located in the visitor center and is open Tuesday–Sunday, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

BECOME A MEMBER: Purchase a Hillwood membership and enjoy free admission, plus discounts and guest passes. If you join today, the cost of your admission will be applied toward your membership. To join, please see an associate in the visitor center, visit www.HillwoodMuseum.org, or call 202.243.3939.

Did you know . . . Hillwood is a nonprofit 501(c)(3) public charity, and receives no ongoing federal or local funds in support of its preservation and scholarly mandate. Your donations and purchases, along with grants and other donations, support Hillwood's stewardship and community service.

Booklet photography by Edward Owen, John Dean, Alex Jamison, Lydia Cutter, Erik Kvalsvik, Jessie Marcotte, Robert C. Lautman, Stan Rumbough, and Bruce M. White

After completing your tour, please feel free to return this booklet to the visitor center.

Please leave your email address to keep up-to-date on programs and events.

Visit www.HillwoodMuseum.org for the latest on what's happening at Hillwood.

Hillwood Estate, Museum & Gardens 4155 Linnean Avenue NW Washington, DC 20008 202.686.5807 info@HillwoodMuseum.org www.HillwoodMuseum.org

Visitor Services and Guidelines



Hours

Hillwood is open Tuesday–Sunday, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. It is closed on most national holidays and for several weeks in January. Please visit www.HillwoodMuseum.org for dates.



Photography

Informal, non-flash photography for personal, non-commercial use is permitted in the mansion, all garden spaces, the greenhouse, and the visitor center. Please refrain from taking photographs at exhibitions in the dacha and Adirondack building.



Restrooms

Visitor Center: Accessible with changing station

Café: Accessible

C.W. Post: Accessible companion care with changing station

Dacha: Available on the lower level, enter using the outdoor stairs on the side

of the building

Mansion: Accessible companion care



Complimentary Coat Check

A coatroom, located in the mansion, is available for checking coats, cameras, backpacks, and shopping bags. Umbrellas and strollers may be left outside entrances to the mansion, dacha, and Adirondack building.



Picnic

Obtain a map of designated picnic areas and borrow picnic blankets from the visitor center.



Additional Information

Visit the information desk, in the visitor center, for lost and found, driving directions, and other information. To schedule an appointment to visit the non-circulating research library or archives, call 202.243.3953.



Accessibility

Accessibility services available in the visitor center include wheelchair accommodations, Braille information guides, large-print tour guides, and assistive listening devices.

Elevators are available in the visitor center and mansion.

Wheelchairs are not easily accommodated in the greenhouse.

Photographs of areas inaccessible by wheelchair are available upon request.











Smoking

Hillwood is a smoke-free campus. All forms of smoking, including electronic cigarettes, are prohibited.



Objects and Furnishings

Please do not touch the objects or furnishings in the mansion or sculpture in the gardens.



Pets

Except for trained service animals and Sunday morning dog walks for members, pets are not permitted.



Taxi

A courtesy phone for ordering a taxi is available in the visitor center.

The grounds, mansion, and gardens are monitored by video surveillance systems.

No firearms or weapons are permitted on the property.



Marjorie Post, mid-1930s (photograph: John Alfred Piver)

Welcome to the home of Marjorie Merriweather Post.

Marjorie was a pioneering businesswoman, engaged citizen, generous philanthropist, and distinguished collector.

As the heir to the Postum Cereal Company, later General Foods, Marjorie (1887–1973) was among the wealthiest women of her time. She exerted a strong hand in the business affairs of her company long before women appeared in major corporate boardrooms. Marjorie also dedicated her intense focus to collecting French and Russian art, as well as making significant charitable contributions throughout her life.

In 1955 Marjorie purchased Hillwood as her spring and fall residence, spending winters in Palm Beach, Florida, at Mar-A-Lago and summers at Camp Topridge in the Adirondack Mountains of New York. She spent two years renovating and expanding Hillwood, creating a home that would suit her lifestyle while also serving as a museum for her extraordinary art collection.

Marjorie made provisions to bequeath her Washington, DC, home and collections for the enjoyment and education of future generations. In 1977 Hillwood opened to the public, endowing it with the most comprehensive collection of Russian imperial art outside Russia, a distinguished collection of French art from the 1700s, and twenty-five acres of land-scaped gardens and natural woodlands.

Hillwood remains Marjorie's most important legacy, and the artistry of its collections, beauty of its gardens, and graciousness of its founder continue to inspire. Hillwood today is vibrant with special exhibitions, programs and events, and garden displays. Enjoy your visit to this oasis in the nation's capital.

Touring the Gardens

To explore the gardens, please make use of the interpretive signs posted in each garden "room" or take advantage of the audio tour stops. A map of the gardens appears on the preceeding pages.

The following route is popular, but feel free to wander the gardens in the order you prefer.

Begin your walk at the **motor court**, in front of the mansion. During Marjorie's time, guests arriving at the enclosed motor court were escorted into the mansion by footmen.

The **French parterre**—with low intricate plantings divided by footpaths and surrounded by walls of English ivy—transports the modern visitor back to the 1700s, when such formal gardens were popular in France.

Each bed in the **rose garden** is planted with a single variety of summer-blooming floribunda rose. Marjorie chose this peaceful site to house her ashes, which are in the base of the pink granite monument in the center.

The black iron gates lead from the rose garden and down the **Friendship Walk**, a footpath flanked by boxwood, rhododendrons, and azaleas, ending at the red slate circle of the **Four Seasons Overlook**. A group of Marjorie's friends created this walk and overlook in 1957 to honor her lifetime of philanthropy.

Marjorie, a golfing enthusiast, believed in living a healthy livestyle, and her family and friends worked on their golf game on the **putting green**.

NOT TO BE MISSED



French parterre



Rose garden

The **Lunar Lawn** is an open setting where Marjorie hosted receptions and garden parties for Washington's social and political elite and groups involved in her philanthropic and personal interests.

The **Japanese-style garden**, an artful hybrid of Japanese and American gardening traditions, combines native and Japanese plants, ornamentation, and design concepts to transform this hillside into a captivating space.

The **dog cemetery** was built as a memorial to the pet dogs Marjorie loved throughout her life. Some of Marjorie's family continued to memorialize their four-legged friends here through the 1980s.

The **dacha**, built in 1969 in a style reminiscent of traditional Russian country homes, and the **Adirondack building**, erected in 1983 based on the architecture of grand estates in the Adirondack Mountains, are both now used for special exhibitions. The buildings reflect Marjorie's interest in Russian culture and attachment to Camp Topridge, her summer estate in Upstate New York.

The large beds of the **cutting garden** provide a seasonal bounty of fresh-cut flowers used in arrangements in the mansion and elsewhere at Hillwood.

The modern **greenhouse**, rebuilt and renovated in 1996 on the original site, contains an extensive collection of exotic orchids as well as tropical plants.



Japanese-style garden



Greenhouse

MANSION

NOT TO BE MISSED

- 1. Entry hall: Portrait of Catherine the Great, two chests of drawers
- 2. French drawing room: Roll-top desk
- 3. Icon room: Imperial Easter eggs by Fabergé, cabinet
- 4. Pavilion: Portrait of Countess Samoilova and A Boyar Wedding Feast in the Seventeenth Century
- **5. Dining room:** Dining table leaf
- **6. Breakfast room:**Russian palace chandelier
- **7. French porcelain** room: Bleu céleste Sèvres porcelain
- **8. First floor library:**Painting and
 model of *Sea*Cloud
- 9. Staff areas: Mid-century kitchen, pantry, and staff dining room
- **10.** Russian sacred arts gallery: Chalice and nuptial crown
- 11. Marjorie Post's bedroom suite: Rotating costume and jewelry displays



































To ACCESS information about a selection, enter its number into the player obtained at the visitor center, and press the GREEN button to play. To STOP a selection at any time, press the RED button. The audio tour is also available for download as a mobile app.

Audio Tour Selections

- 411. User instructions
- 300. Introduction to the Mansion Tour
 - 110. Motor Court
- 310. Entry Hall
 - 311. Two French Commodes (Chests of Drawers)
 - 312. Bust of the Duchess of Châteauroux
 - 313. Romanov Portraits
 - 431. Portrait of Catherine the Great
 - 521. Luxurious Interiors and Social Responsibility in the 1700s

320. French Drawing Room

- 321. Wall Tapestries and Tapestry-covered Sofas and Chairs
- 322. Portraits of the Duchess of Parma and Her Daughter and Empress Eugénie
- 323. Roll-top Desk and Swivel Chair
- 324. Table Case of Boxes and Small Objects
- 368. Minerva Box
- 516. Photographs on Piano
- 510. Marjorie Post's Early Collecting: French Decorative Arts of the 1700s
- 522. New Household Conveniences and Comforts in the 1700s
- 523. Dressing the Part: The Toilette in France in the 1700s

330. Russian Porcelain Room

- 331. Russian Glass
- 332. Order Services
- 333. Military Plates and Napoleonic Glass
- 511. Marjorie Post's Collection Broadens: The Art of Imperial Russia

340. Hall to the Pavilion and Wet Bar

341. Two Bird Services from the Sèvres Factory

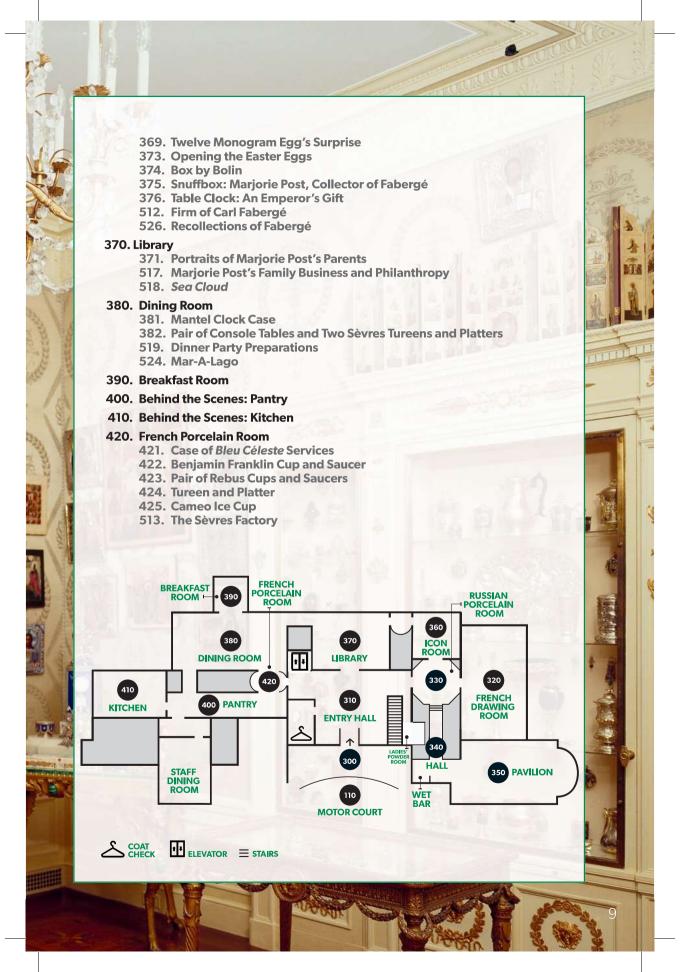
350. Pavilion

- 351. Portrait of Countess Samoilova
- 352. A Boyar Wedding Feast in the Seventeenth Century
- 353. Bread and Salt Plate
- 354. Pair of Large Russian Vases
- 355. Busts of Peter the Great and Catherine the Great

360. Icon Room

- 361. Two Imperial Easter Eggs by Fabergé
- 362. Iusupov Family Music Box by Fabergé
- 363. Empress Alexandra's Notebook by Fabergé
- 364. Icon of St. George
- 365. Brooch and Box: Imperial Presentation Gifts
- 366. Kovshi (Russian vessels)
- 367. Fabergé Bell Push and Cane Handle

MANSION AUDIO TOUR: FIRST FLOOR



Mansion Second Floor Audio Tour & Floor Plan

To ACCESS information about a selection, enter its number into the player obtained at the visitor center, and press the GREEN button to play. To STOP a selection at any time, press the RED button. The audio tour is also available for download as a mobile app.

Audio Tour Selections

411. User instructions

430. Hall and Snooze Room

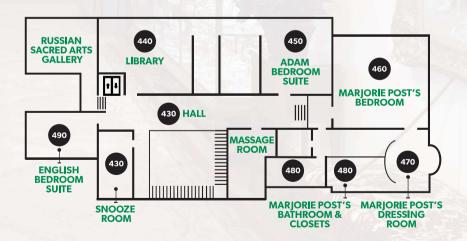
- 432. Orlov Service
- 433. Tea and Coffee Service
- 434. Bariatinskii Vase
- 435. Coronation Cup
- 436. Louis XVI Saying Farewell to His Family
- 514. The Russian Imperial Porcelain Factory
- 515. Russia's Private Porcelain Factories

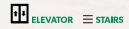
440. Library

450. Adam Bedroom Suite

460. Marjorie Post's Bedroom

- 461. Bedroom Furnishings
- 525. Marjorie Post's Children and Legacy
- 462. Beloved Child (L'Enfant Cheri) and Marie Antoinette and Her Children
- 470. Marjorie Post's Dressing Room
- 480. Marjorie Post's Private Bathroom and Closets
- 490. English Bedroom Suite





Touring the Mansion

ENTRY HALL



The entry hall's magnificent two stories, grand staircase, and dazzling rock crystal chandelier complement the gracious welcome that Marjorie extended to her guests. Footmen, stationed in the room where William-Adolphe Bouguereau's 1883 allegorical painting *Night* hangs, took the overcoats of male visitors. Female guests were attended to in the powder room just beyond the stairs. The powder room is sometimes closed, but if the door is open, take a moment to look inside.

Exquisite furnishings and historic objects introduce Marjorie's two primary interests as a collector: the decorative and fine arts of France in the 1700s and imperial Russia in the 1800s and 1900s.

Two Chests of Drawers





Two luxurious commodes, chests of drawers, flank the library doors. These pieces accommodated—hence the term "commode"—items commonly found in aristocratic homes. They are decorated with floral and pastoral images

created in marquetry, a technique involving extraordinary craftsmanship in which tiny bits of wood are meticulously cut and inlaid. The maker was the German-born Jean-Henri Riesener, official cabinetmaker to the French royals Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette.

Portrait of Catherine the Great



The largest of the portraits gracing the stairway is of Empress Catherine II, who ruled Russia from 1762 to 1796. She is dressed in full state regalia, with the insignia of Russia's elite orders. She uses her scepter to draw attention to the jeweled crown and orb beside her, attesting her power, as well as to a bust of Peter the Great hidden in the shadows. Peter, who reigned from 1682 to 1725, and Catherine are both credited with westernizing and modernizing Russia.

RUSSIAN PORCELAIN ROOM



Anticipating the day when Hillwood would open as a public museum, Marjorie had built-in, lighted display cases installed in almost every first floor room during renovations prior to her taking up residence in the mansion. The cases here and in the French porcelain room have pull-out drawers with information about their contents. While no longer in use today, the drawers reveal Marjorie's dedication to educating her guests. She frequently invited high school and college students to visit Hillwood to learn about her collection.

The displays inside these cases are a captivating assortment of Russian porcelain and glass. Above hangs an array of large dishes

used in the Russian tradition of offering bread and salt to one's visitors. The inlay in the center of the floor depicts a double-headed eagle, a symbol of Russia.

The Order Services



Many of the cases in this room contain pieces from four porcelain dessert services that Catherine the Great commissioned in the last quarter of the 1700s from the Gardner factory. They are distinguished by the stars, badges, and ribbons from the insignia of Russia's most elite orders, the exclusive societies of individuals recognized for exceptional government

or military service. Catherine and her successors used the services of St. Andrew, St. George, St. Vladimir, and St. Alexander Nevsky to honor the members of these imperial orders at yearly dinners, which were among the most important occasions at court.

FRENCH DRAWING ROOM



Marjorie greeted guests here, and this room is also where she hosted many receptions. In nice weather, the curtained double doors would be opened to allow the gathering to spill out into the French garden.

The painted and gilt wood paneling and mantel are from Parisian homes built in the late 1700s. In concert with the

room's French tapestries, furniture, gold boxes, and Sèvres porcelain, they evoke the splendor of French aristocratic life of the 1700s.

Marjorie began acquiring these French furnishings and objects in the 1920s to decorate her New York City apartment in the French style fashionable at the time. The elements of harmony, balance, delicate decoration, superb craftsmanship, and historical relevance that define these French objects guided Marjorie's taste in collecting for the rest of her life.

The Tapestries



Tapestries woven in the 1730s at the celebrated Beauvais factory in France grace the paneled walls. The largest of the three, across from the room's entrance, depicts festivities at an Italian country fair. Such scenes, with idealized peasants and elegant courtiers, convey the lighthearted spirit and pastimes of aristocratic Europeans in the 1700s.

Roll-top Desk



Between the windows stands a roll-top desk crafted by the renowned German father-and-son team of Abraham and David Roentgen. On the front of the desk, the elaborate mother-of-pearl monogram surmounted by a crown contains the letters "MA." Long speculated to be the initials of Marie Antoinette, the monogram is now believed to be that of Maria Antonia, princess of Bavaria and the electress of Saxony. Both areas are part of today's Germany. Maria Antonia was an accomplished

composer and patron of the arts, and the musical instruments and other motifs crafted of various woods reflect her artistic interests and pursuits.

Portrait of the Duchess of Parma and Her Daughter Isabelle



Above the roll-top desk hangs a portrait of the eldest daughter of French king Louis XV and her daughter posed casually outdoors. The fashionable court artist Jean-Marc Nattier painted this portrait in 1750.

Portrait of Empress Eugénie



Over the fireplace is an 1857 painting of Empress Eugénie, wife of Napoleon III. The German artist Franz Xaver Winterhalter, the most sought-after court portrait painter of the mid-1800s, masterfully recorded her legendary beauty and elegance.

PAVILION



Before Marjorie moved to Hillwood in 1957, she had this pavilion, along with the adjacent wet bar, built to accommodate her entertainment needs. Film screenings are one example of Marjorie's after-dinner entertainment; note that the sofas have popup trays for drinks and snacks. In the ceiling above the piano

are speakers and a screen, largely hidden by draperies. Two state-of-the-art projectors from the time are housed in a projection booth behind the balcony. Marjorie's staff could enjoy first-run films from the comfort of theater seats in the balcony.

The pavilion's contents are largely Russian in origin. Chief among them are the two large, impressive paintings, both acquired in the 1960s, that dominate the room. They were among Marjorie's final major acquisitions as she and her curator, Marvin Ross, prepared to open her home as a museum. The two paintings illustrate a major shift in Russia's national identity over the course of the 1800s.

Portrait of Countess Samoilova



The portrait of Countess Samoilova is rendered in lifelike detail by the Russian artist Karl Briullov. The Russian countess steps in from the balcony of her Italian villa, greeted by her adopted daughter, a young page relieving her of her cashmere wrap, and an eager dog. The artist painted this work at a time when Russia aspired to Western European tastes and values. Indeed, critics favorably compared Briullov to European master painters when he debuted this painting in 1834.

A Boyar Wedding Feast in the Seventeenth Century



This painting celebrates the union of two noble Russian families, boyars, during the 1600s. The sumptuously attired guests fete the newlyweds in a candlelit dining hall replete with gleaming silver and gold and richly embroidered linens. Konstantin Makovsky painted this work in 1883, two hundred years after such an event would have occurred.

This Russian revival style was quite popular at the time, as Russians were nostalgic for old traditions predating Peter the Great's efforts to westernize the country.

ICON ROOM



Marjorie recognized the need to set aside space to showcase her small precious objects and sacred treasures. She created this intimate "collector's cabinet" for them and called it the icon room. Some four hundred objects fill this space, including highlights of the museum's nearly ninety creations by the firm of Carl Fabergé, the celebrated jeweler to Russia's imperial rulers.

The icons and chalices represent the types of objects Marjorie acquired at staterun storeroom sales and commission shops in the 1930s in the Soviet Union. Marjorie spent eighteen months (1937–38) there with her husband, Ambassador Joseph E. Davies. During that period, the Soviet government was still selling imperial treasures to finance its industrialization plan. Living in the Soviet Union ignited Marjorie's passion for collecting Russian art, and she acquired the nucleus of her Russian art collection at that time. She continued to acquire Russian art in the West for the rest of her life.

Imperial Easter Eggs by Fabergé

Both imperial Easter eggs in the center case were gifts from Russia's last tsar, Nicholas II, to his mother, Maria Fedorovna. In 1885 Nicholas's father, Alexander III, began a yearly tradition of presenting his wife with a specially commissioned Easter egg. Nicholas continued the practice, giving an egg to both his wife and mother. The tradition endured for more than thirty years and yielded in excess of fifty eggs, all crafted with exceptional skill by the workmasters and artisans of the Fabergé firm.



The 1896 midnight blue enameled *Twelve Monogram Easter Egg* is decorated with the diamond-studded Cyrillic initials of Alexander III and his wife, Maria Fedorovna.



The 1914 pink enameled *Catherine the Great Easter Egg* was sonamed because of the marvelous "surprise" it once contained—a miniature figure of the tsarina seated in a wind-up sedan chair carried by two servants. This surprise, revealed by opening the top of the egg, unfortunately was separated from the egg at some point before it entered Marjorie's collection.

FIRST FLOOR LIBRARY



This room was a cozy place for Marjorie to gather with family and friends. The pine paneling and marble mantelpiece, dating to the 1700s, evoke the comfortable atmosphere of a British country home.

Personal touches abound. A portrait of Marjorie's father, C.W. Post, hangs over the fire-place, while a portrait of her mother, Ella Merriweather Post, hangs opposite. The canopied French miniature bed from the

1700s is featured in a nearby photograph with Marjorie's beloved schnauzer Scampi seated on it. On the center table is a model of Marjorie's yacht, *Sea Cloud*, which she leased to the U.S. Navy during World War II. Frank O. Salisbury painted the 1934 portrait of Marjorie in an elegant ivory satin evening gown with a red velvet and fur drape.

DINING ROOM



Marjorie orchestrated this splendid dining space for formal dinners and parties. The oak paneling, recovered from a Parisian home of the early 1700s and featuring billowing scrolls and graceful birds, elegantly frames the spacious room.

Formal dinners required footmen to serve each guest and different waiters for wine, meat, vegetables, and bread.

On these occasions, Marjorie and her staff planned extensively to ensure that the guests had no inkling of the effort involved.

Marjorie set the table for elaborate gatherings with her French, Russian, and other exquisite services. The splendor of these events is recalled today in the changing tableware and floral arrangements here and in the adjoining breakfast room.

Dining Table Leaf



Marjorie commissioned the table for Mar-A-Lago, her home in Palm Beach, Florida, and requested in her will that it be brought to Hillwood. A table leaf in front of the window affords a close-up view of its craftsmanship.

BREAKFAST ROOM



This charming space off the stately dining room was where Marjorie had less formal lunches and dinners. The table was set for four at all times, even if she dined with her secretary, with two guests, or alone. The bronze metalwork lining the room was repurposed from Marjorie's 1920s apartment in New York City. The Russian gilt bronze and green glass chandelier from the late 1700s comes from the Catherine Palace at Tsarskoe Selo, one of the imperial estates outside St. Petersburg.

The floral displays in the window make it difficult to tell where the garden ends and the room begins, an interaction of indoor and outdoor spaces notable throughout Hillwood. Today, as in the dining room, floral arrangements and place settings are changed several times each year.

PANTRY



While many rooms at Hillwood are reminiscent of historical European styles, the pantry and adjacent kitchen, remodeled by Marjorie, reflect typical mid-century American design and feature state-of-the-art appliances from the 1950s.

This pantry—equipped with a clock, calendar, corkboard, chalkboard, and telephones—was

the nerve center for the household staff. Next to the refrigerator is a dumbwaiter, a small elevator used to bring porcelain and glass from basement storage. Silver was stored in the walk-in safe. A food-warming cabinet sits near the kitchen door. Cupboards display pieces from some of the services used on a regular basis.

KITCHEN



The Sta-Kold freezer and refrigerators, along with the industrial stove, double sinks, and multiple appliances, fill this staging area for luxurious entertaining. The only thing missing is a dishwasher, because all the tableware was handwashed. This is just one example of the extraordinary effort put into the dinner parties and festive garden teas that Marjorie hosted over the course of a year.

STAFF DINING ROOM

Ever mindful of the well-being of her staff, Marjorie took great care to provide comfortable accommodations for them. Near the kitchen is a re-creation of the rooms where staff relaxed and enjoyed morning coffee, hot bun breaks, and three meals a day prepared for them by Hillwood's cooks.

Enjoy exploring the displays, which give a sense of life and work at Hillwood, Camp Topridge, and Mar-A-Lago. An organizational chart details the people required to maintain the gracious style of living that Marjorie enjoyed at all of her residences.

FRENCH PORCELAIN ROOM



The French porcelain room attests to Marjorie's enthusiasm for her porcelain collection, which, to the surprise and delight of her guests, she used at her dinners and other parties. The pieces around this room come from France's famed Sèvres royal porcelain factory and reflect the variety of items produced there during the mid to late 1700s.

Case of Bleu Céleste



The largest case in this room is filled entirely with Sèvres's famed *bleu céleste*, "heavenly blue," wares. These pieces, from a variety of services made for the French and other European princely courts, typify the ornate and fanciful style favored by the aristocracy of Europe in the 1700s. The plates with the gilt monogram "LPR" painted in the center and the small ice cups with bird decorations come from a lavish dessert service

commissioned by Cardinal Prince Louis de Rohan, a French ambassador to Vienna in the late 1700s.

Benjamin Franklin Cup and Saucer



To the left of the dining room entrance is a dark blue cup with a portrait bust of Benjamin Franklin and a saucer made around 1779. Franklin, an American envoy to the French court, was considered the personification of liberty, and his likeness appeared on all kinds of media, including these Sèvres pieces.

SECOND FLOOR HALL



The stairway—accented with Russian portraiture, a French standing clock, and a Russian vase of blue and clear glass—provides a gracious passage between the mansion's public and private areas. It also offers a close-up view of the Frenchmade rock crystal chandelier. At the top of the stairs sits a case of English painted enamels, popular accessories among

wealthy Europeans in the 1700s. Russian porcelain made by imperial as well as privately owned factories is displayed throughout the open balcony area.

Snooze Room



The doorway at the top of the stairs opens onto the snooze room. Furnished with a daybed, and connected to the English bedroom by a passageway, this room provided the perfect space for a midday nap, followed by freshening up in the neighboring half bath.

English Bedroom Suite



This bedroom, with its attached closets and bathroom, served as a guest room. The bed and chest-on-chest were made in England in the 1800s. British sailors of that period hand-stitched the needlework pictures, called sailors wools, which served as souvenirs from voyages.

RUSSIAN SACRED ARTS GALLERY

What had once been staff quarters is now a gallery dedicated to the sacred arts of imperial Russia. While many icons, chalices, and other religious objects are displayed in the icon room, this gallery provides an opportunity to explore in greater detail



the distinctive visual culture and spiritual traditions practiced in Russian Orthodox churches as well as in the intimacy of private homes. Take time to read and explore the displays.

Chalice

The magnificent gold chalice that Catherine the Great commissioned from the jeweler Iver Winfeldt Buch in 1791 as part of a communion set stands in splendor in



the center of the gallery. The empress, who provided the cameos and intaglios from her own collection, presented the chalice to the monastery of Saint Alexander Nevsky in memory of Grigory Potemkin, her favorite courtier.

Nuptial Crown



Nearby is the dazzling nuptial crown worn by Tsarina Alexandra in 1894 during her wedding to Nicholas II. Sold at Christie's London in 1927, and entering the Post collection in 1966, the crown is the most significant piece of the imperial crown jewels outside Russia today.

SECOND FLOOR LIBRARY

This library offered a cozy alternative to the formality of the rooms downstairs. When Marjorie lived here, it was equipped with a television so she could watch shows in which her youngest daughter, the actress Dina Merrill, appeared.

As in the larger library downstairs, this room's décor echoes the style of an English country home. To the right



of the fireplace is a card table made in the mid-1700s. The theme of the needle-point cover is gaming, a popular pastime at country estates. Sir Oswald Birley's 1925 portrait of Eleanor, Marjorie's second daughter, in a riding costume presides at one side of the room, while Frank O. Salisbury's portrait of Marjorie in the 1940s hangs at the opposite end.

The windows in the adjoining passageway provide a grand view of the Lunar Lawn and beyond to the wooded valley of Rock Creek Park. The Washington Monument, just visible above the tree tops, is less than five miles away.

ADAM BEDROOM SUITE



Marjorie wears a magnificent Cartier sapphire, diamond, and platinum necklace, now part of Hillwood's jewelry collection.

This guest bedroom, with its adjacent walk-in closet and dressing room, is named for the English style first popularized by the designers Robert and James Adam in the 1700s. The Adam brothers were celebrated for their use of pastel tones and classically inspired decoration, echoed here in the fabrics, carpet, ceiling, and Wedgwood ceramics.

In the 1946 portrait by Frank O. Salisbury above the fireplace, diamond, and platinum neck-

MARIORIE POST'S BEDROOM SUITE



On the approach to Marjorie's bedroom suite, several notable paintings come into view. The large portrait of Marjorie and her daughter Nedenia, the actress Dina Merrill, was painted by Giulio de Blaas in 1929. Marjorie wears a large emerald Cartier brooch, which is occasionally displayed in the jewelry

area of Marjorie's closets. Near the steps, Marguerite Gérard's *Beloved Child*, painted around 1790, delightfully captures a rosy-cheeked baby riding in a cart drawn by two women.



The bedroom is furnished with French furniture and fabrics. The table case is filled with small objects made of bloodstone, Marjorie's birthstone. The large pastel portrait across the room of two of her daughters, Adelaide and Eleanor, is by Pierre Tartoué and dates to about 1915. Over the fireplace hangs Douglas Chandor's 1952 portrait of Marjorie. Chandor died before completing the work, leaving the hands and other details unfinished. The window in this bedroom offers a view of the French parterre below.

Off the bedroom is a silver and pale blue dressing room, which also served as Marjorie's morning office. Here she not only dressed and enjoyed breakfast, but also attended to personal, household, and business matters with her staff. Family photographs cover the walls.

When the bathroom in Marjorie's bedroom suite was renovated in the 1950s, pink, one of her favorite colors, was experiencing a revival. The adjoining hallway has a safe Marjorie used to store her jewelry, and changing displays of her jewels and accessories. The closets contain an array of fashions that are also rotated throughout the year. These temporary presentations illustrate how Marjorie's love of exceptionally beautiful and exquisitely crafted objects extended to her sparkling gems and tailored clothing.

MASSAGE ROOM

Near the steps leading to Marjorie's bedroom suite is the massage room. While the massage table is no longer in the room, it still has the original hair dryers and permanent wave machine used for the final touches of her impeccably groomed appearance. This room is sometimes closed, but enjoy looking inside if the door is open.